

# HDPE and Nuclear Power Piping Systems

Review of the Barakah Nuclear Power Plant's use of HDPE  
pipe in an ASME Section III, Class 3 Installation

**Shane R. Schuessler**

ISCO Industries, Inc.

Louisville, Kentucky

**Ali Al Hammadi**

Emirates Nuclear Energy Corporation

Abu Dhabi, UAE

**Mohamed Ali Awadh Jaber**

Borouge PTE

Abu Dhabi, UAE

# DISCUSSION TOPICS

- Barakah Nuclear Power Plant
- ESW Piping System & Design
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)
- Materials
- Project Challenges
- Installation and Testing

# BARAKAH NUCLEAR POWER PLANT

- Emirates Nuclear Energy Corporation
- Located 300km West of Abu Dhabi, UAE
- Consists of four – KEPCO APR1400 units
- Construction on Unit 1 began in 2012
- \$24.4B (USD)
- Currently at 90+% completion



# BARAKAH NUCLEAR POWER PLANT



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

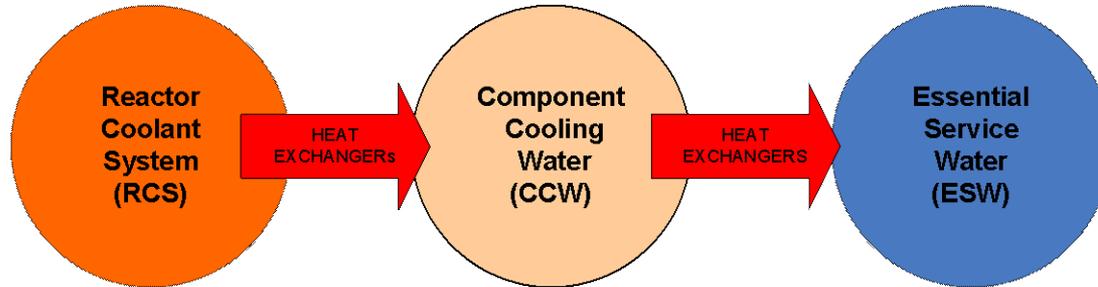
# BARAKAH NUCLEAR POWER PLANT



# BARAKAH ESSENTIAL SERVICE WATER DISCHARGE SYSTEM



# Barakah Essential Service Water System



The **Essential Service Water System (ESW)** is designed to provide a source of cooling water to multiple heat exchangers required for the safe shutdown of the reactor following an event.

**Safety Related Systems** are relied upon to remain functional during and following design basis events.

# Barakah Essential Service Water System

- ESW supplies water for cooling of Component Cooling Water heat exchangers
- 8 trains = 21,000 feet (6,480 meters) of pipe for discharge
- Procured and constructed in accordance to ASME BPVC Section III, Subsection ND, Safety Class 3

# Barakah Essential Service Water System

- Desired Design/Service Life = 60 years
- Burial Depth = 33 feet (10 meters)
- Maximum Ground Temp = 95°F (35°C)
- Aggressive native soils
- Design Fluid Temperatures = 52.5°F (11.4°C) through 140°F (60°C)
- Design Pressure = 30 psig (207kPa)
- System design conducted by ASME N-type Certificate holder
- Piping materials considered: Coated PCCP and HDPE

# Barakah Essential Service Water System

- Desired Design/Service Life = 60 years
- Burial Depth = 33 feet (10 meters)
- Maximum Ground Temp = 95°F (35°C)
- Aggressive native soils
- Design Fluid Temperatures = 52.5°F (11.4°C) through 140°F (60°C)
- Design Pressure = 30 psig (207kPa)
- System design conducted by ASME N-type Certificate holder
- Piping materials considered: Coated PCCP and HDPE

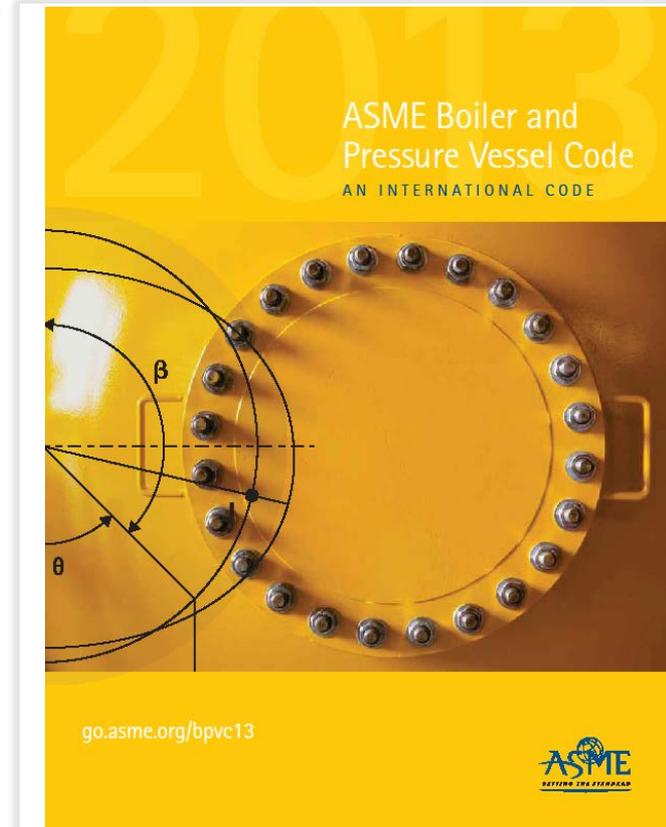
# Material Selection: PCCP vs HDPE

- Service life expectations
- Hydraulic efficiency
- Joint reliability
- Seismic design
- Installation concerns
- HDPE chosen for ESW Discharge System



# American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)

- Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code: Section III  
– Rules for Construction of Nuclear Facility Components
- Subsection ND, Class 3 Piping Systems
- Code Case N-755
- N-type Certificates



# ASME Nuclear HDPE Materials

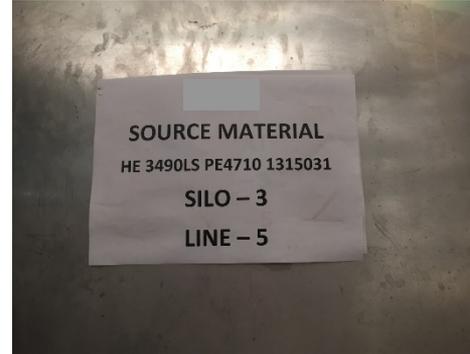
- Resin to meet ASME Code Case N-755-1
  - Plastic Pipe Institute TR-4 Permanent Listing
  - PE4710
  - 2000 hour PENT
- UAE based resin producer selected
  - ISO 4427 to ASME/PE4710
  - Gap analysis audit per ASME
  - Bimodal pre-compounded resin
  - Superior sagging performance
  - Surveillance from production to packaging



Photo Courtesy of UPI

# ASME Nuclear HDPE Pipe

- 36-Inch DR 17 HDPE pipe per design conditions
- UAE based pipe extruder selected
- Testing – lot specific
- Surveillance



Photos Courtesy of UPI

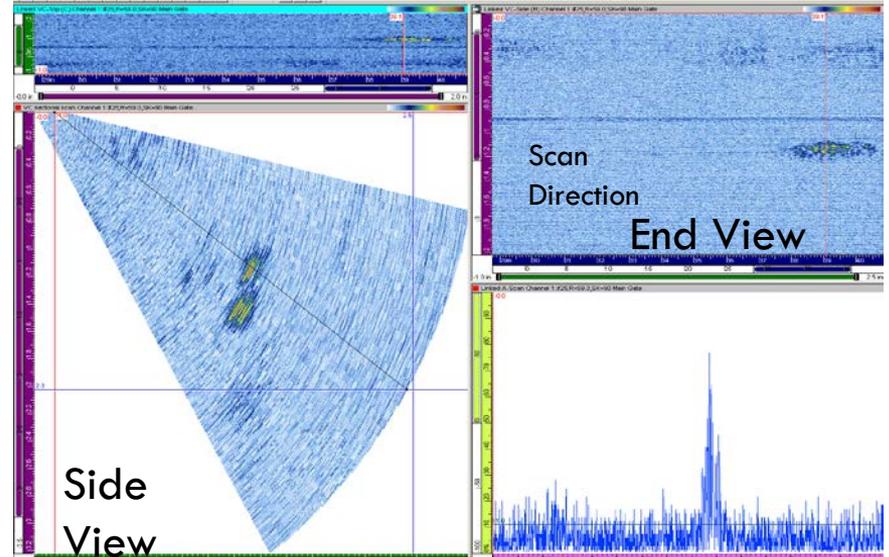
# ASME Nuclear HDPE Elbows

- 36-Inch DR 13.5 feedstock for fabricated elbows (1.22X)
- Feedstock extruded in UAE – shipped to USA
- Elbows produced under ASME NPT
- Welders qualified per N-755-1 Mandatory App. I
- Fitting ends counter-bored
- Volumetric examination (PAUT)



# Volumetric Examination

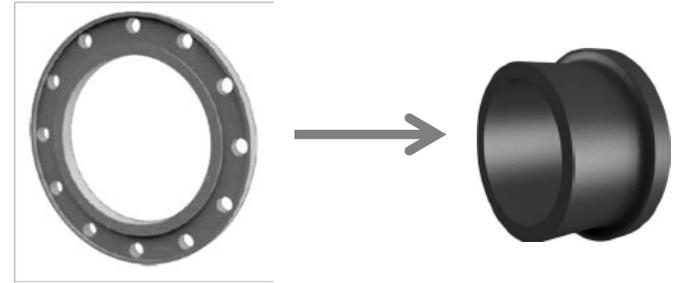
- NDE
  - Phased Array Ultrasonic Testing
  - No industry developed acceptance criteria
  - Field exams performed at night



Photos Courtesy of Structural Integrity Associates

# ASME Nuclear HDPE Flanges

- Connections at Hx buildings
- Manufactured in the USA
- Void free
- Backing rings made from ASME SA516 Grade 70 steel plate used



Photos courtesy of GFCP

# Project Challenges

- First of Kind Project
- Geography
- HDPE Code implementation
- Supply Chain
- Climate/Field Conditions



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System Installation

- Installed by ASME NA Certificate holder
- Challenges:
  - ASME site survey
  - 115°F (46°C)
  - Sand
  - Non-destructive examination (NDE)
- N-755-1 only allows for butt fusion welds



Photo Courtesy of ISCO

# Barakah ESW Discharge System Installation

- Fusion procedure qualification:
  - 20 samples
  - High Speed Tensile Impact Testing
  - Elevated-Temperature Sustained-Pressure Testing
- Operator qualification
  - 2 weld samples each
  - Free bend test
- Joint data recorder



Photo Courtesy of EN



Photos Courtesy of McElroy Mfg.

# Barakah ESW Discharge System Installation

- Hydrostatic Pressure Testing per N-755-1
  - Joints exposed
  - 4-hour initial pressurization
  - 1-hour test
  - Pass if within 5% of test pressure & no visible leaks
  - Performed at night

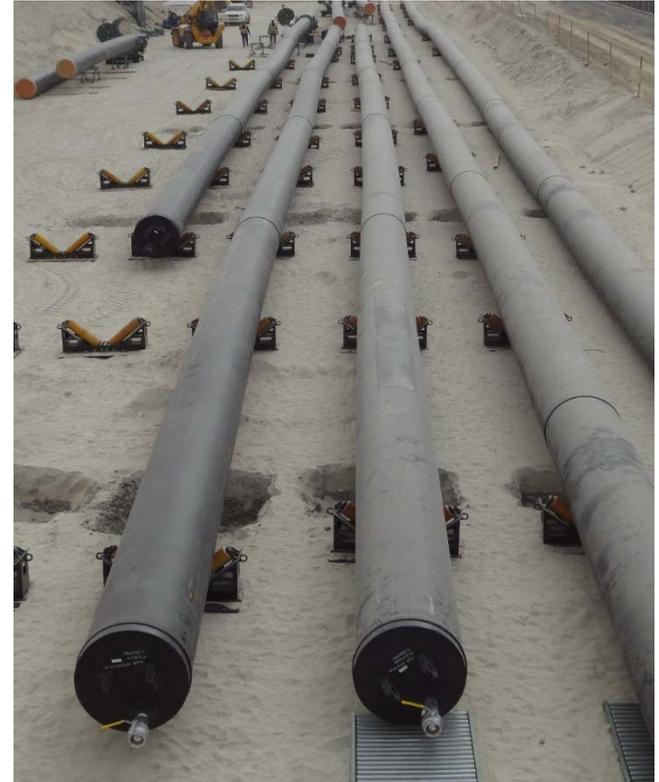


Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System



Photos Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Barakah ESW Discharge System



Photo Courtesy of ENEC

# Conclusion

- First ever greenfield nuclear HDPE project
  - Implemented ASME Code Case N-755 Rev1
  - Used Class 3 HDPE materials
  - Utilized ASME HDPE N-type stamps for design, supply and installation
- Project's success provides confidence for other global nuclear owners to consider HDPE
- Assisted in evolution of Code Case N-755
  - Appendix XXVI of ASME BPVC Section III
  - Appendix XI of ASME BPVC Section XI

Thank You

