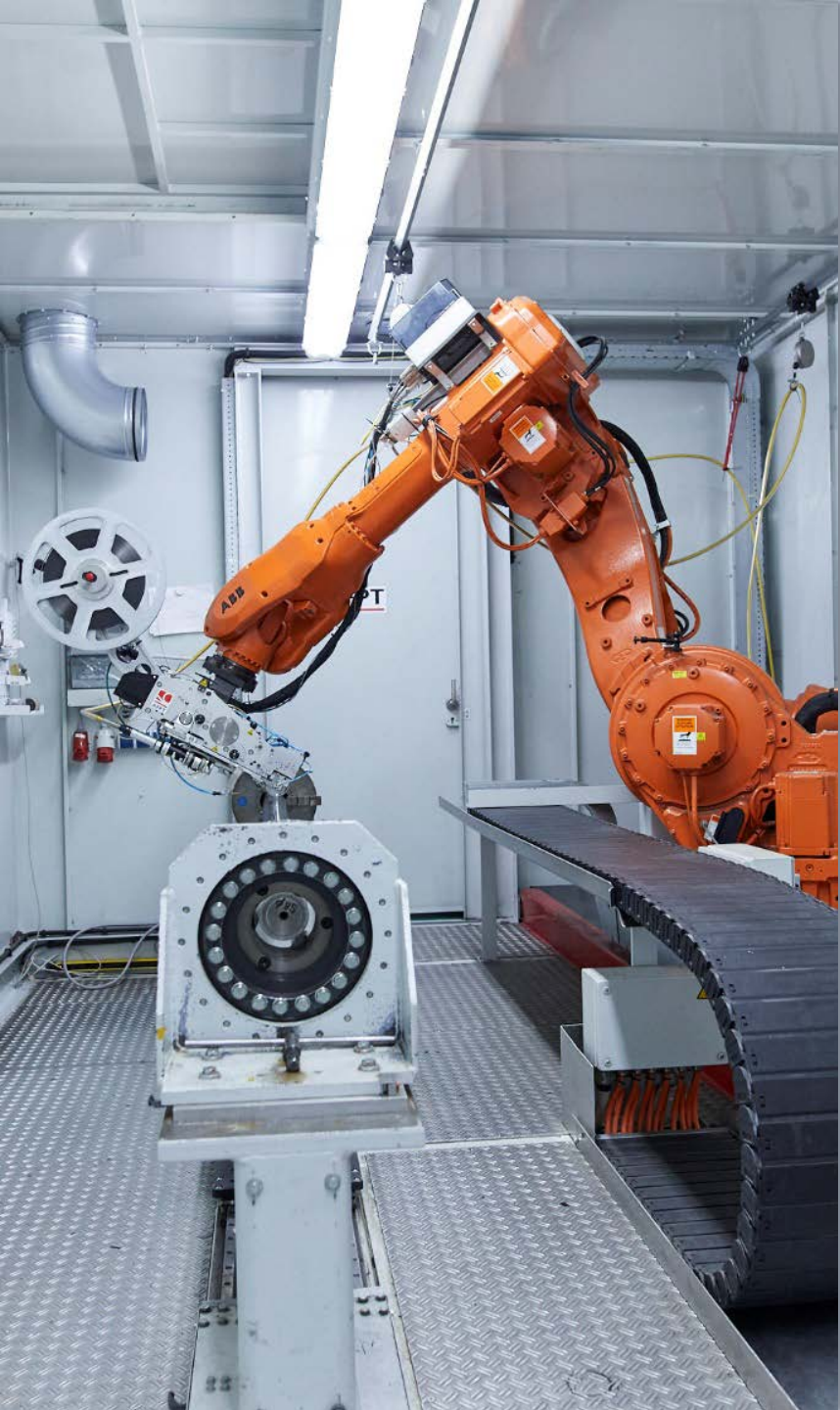


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YOUR OPTION TO OUTPERFORM METAL

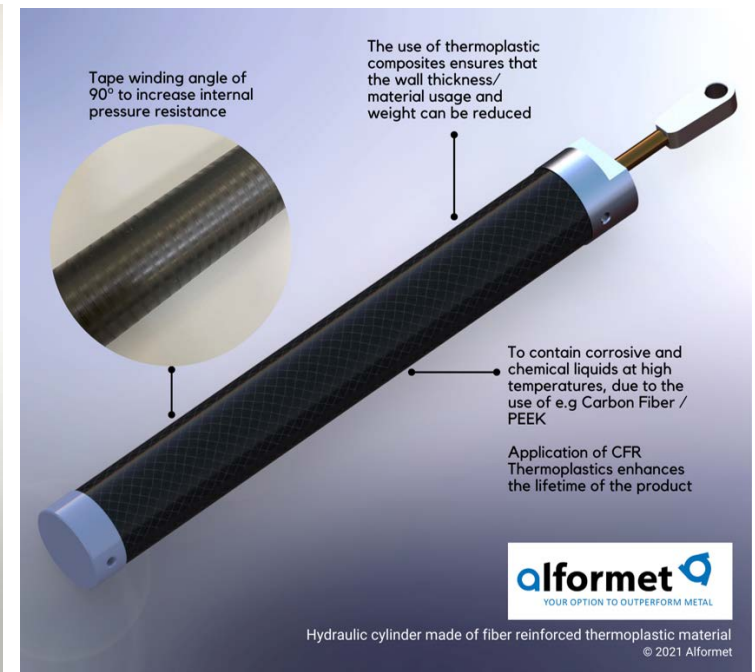


Applications of Wound Thermoplastic Composites for Injection Molding

Lucas Ciccarelli, M.Sc.

Our Purpose

“ To promote product improvement and development by offering products made with the most modern, smart, high performing and environmentally friendly materials and technologies available.”



>>> <https://www.alformet.com/tubes/create-your-own-tube> <<<

AFPT / Alformet

5

Machines in our application center

> 300

Miles of tape material processed in a year

... offers automated solutions for the (mass) production of *thermoplastic* composite structures using *laser-assisted* deposition technology since 2003 .



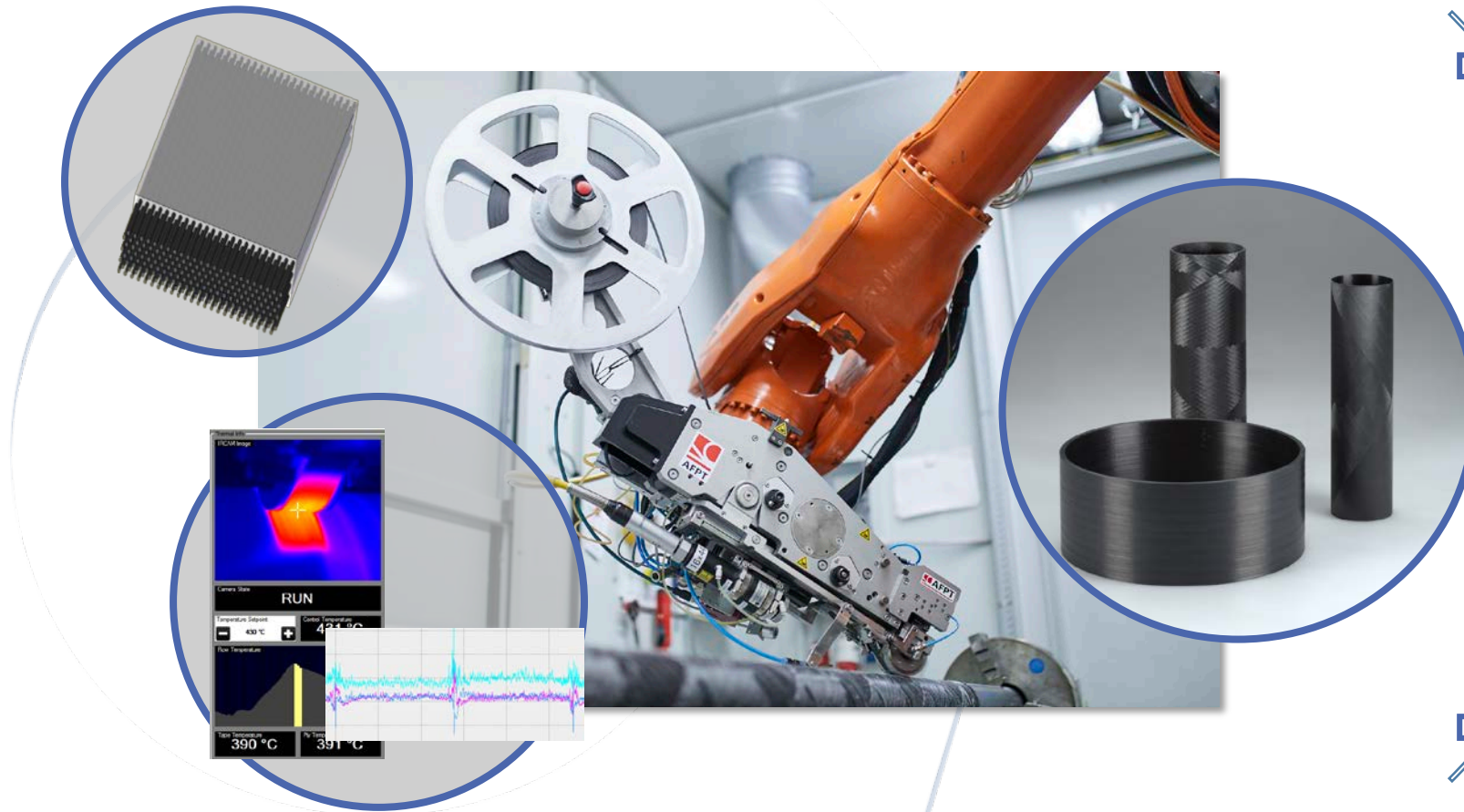
10

Open & Completed Public research projects

> 50

Deposition tools integrated in industry and academia

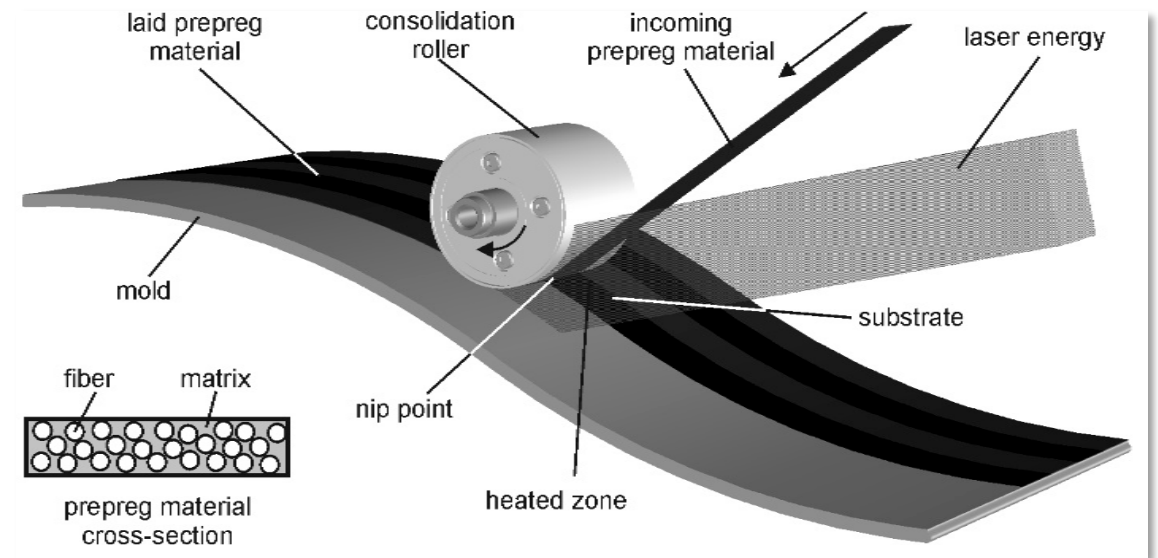
Laser-Assisted Tape Deposition and The Thermoplastic Advantage



- + Low Density
- + Corrosion Resistant
- + High Impact Resistance
- + Dampening Properties
- + Electrical Shielding (CF)
- + Re-Formable
- + 100% Recyclable

The Laser-Assisted Tape Winding / Placement (LATW/LATP) Process

- A placement head positions the pre-impregnated tapes, on the required mold or mandrel
- The thermoplastic pre-impregnated tape material is heated by a laser to the processing temperature
- A fast control system maintains the desired parameters such as process temperature, consolidation pressure and tape tension.
- The LATW process results in a composite component which is ready to use (**in-situ consolidation**)
- All process parameters are logged to be used for quality assurance.



Primary Product Focus



Thin-Walled Inserts



Thick-Walled Structures



Pressure Vessels

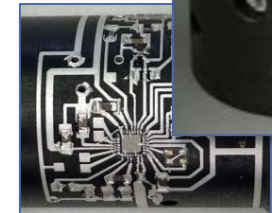
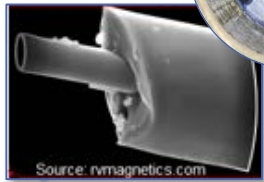
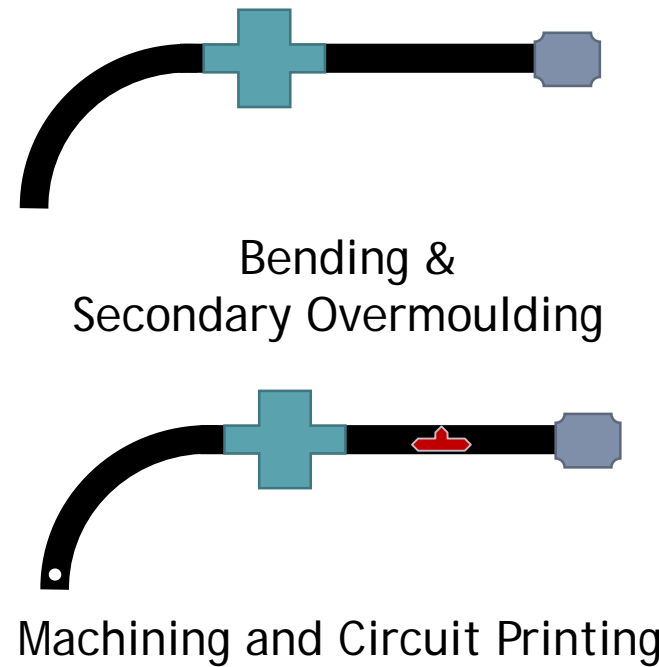
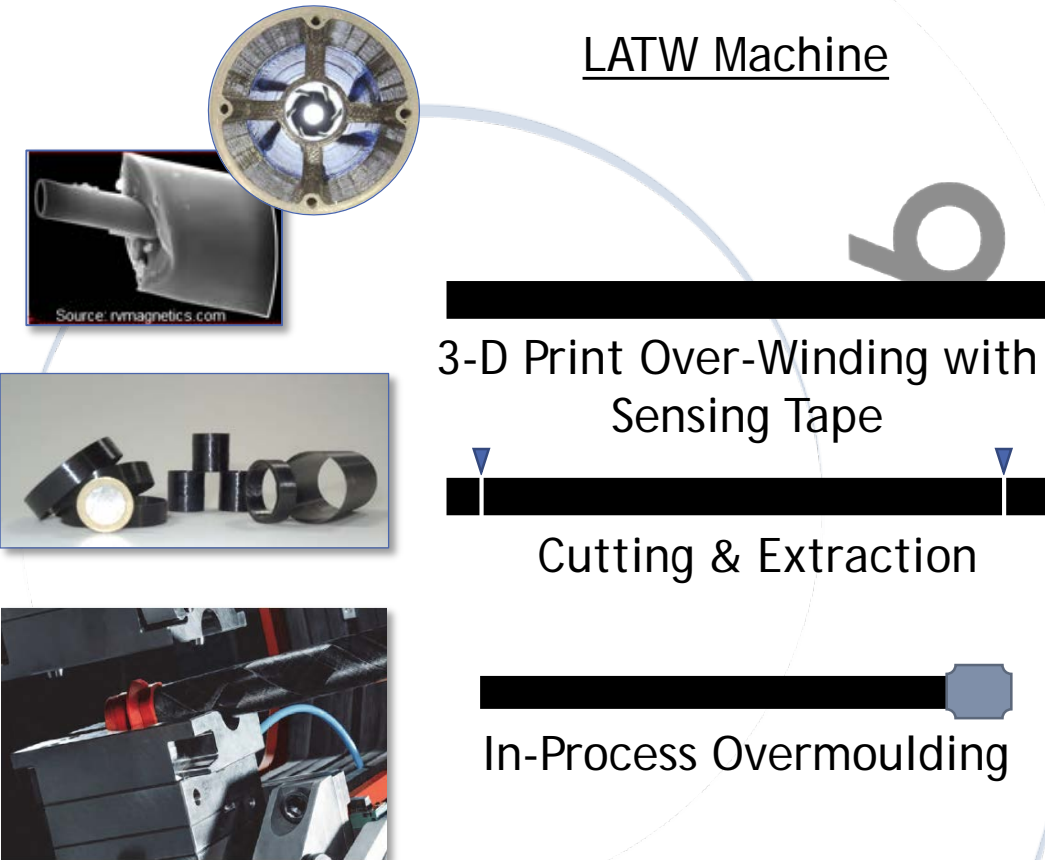


Functionalized Tubes

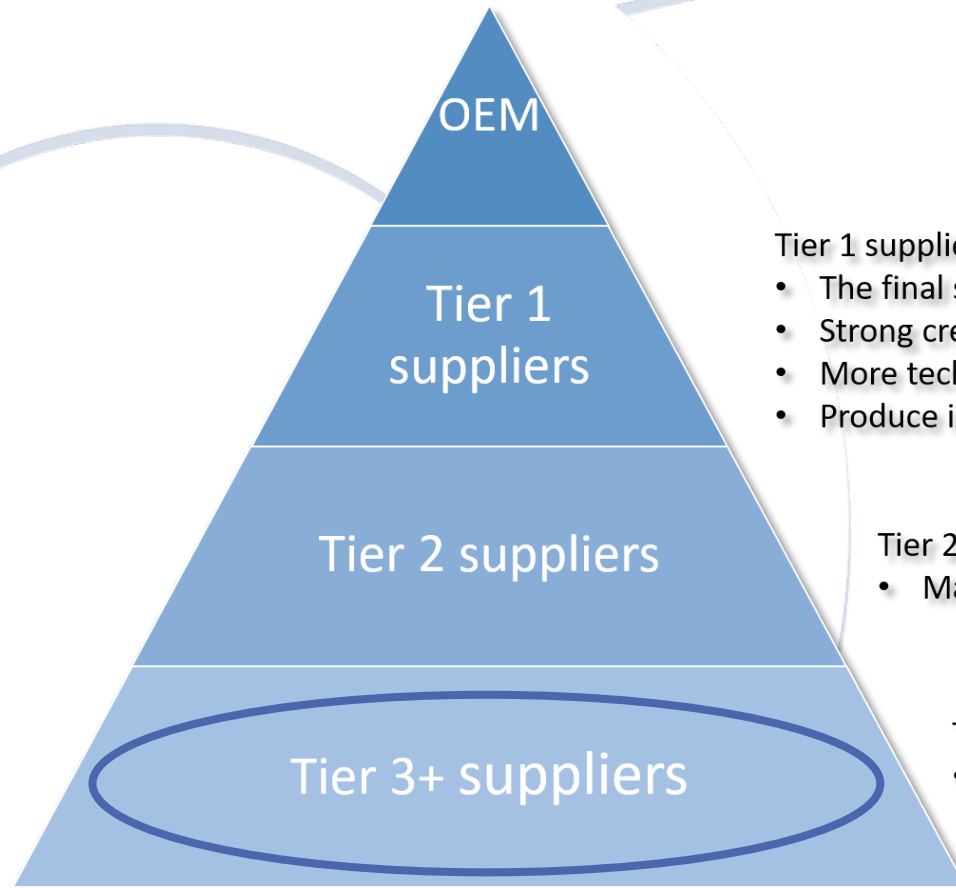
Value-Add Potential of CFR Thermoplastic Products

LATW Machine

Secondary Steps



Location in Value Chain



Tier 1 suppliers, or module/system suppliers:

- The final step before the product reached the OEM;
- Strong credibility with the OEM;
- More technical advantages;
- Produce individual components or complete devices.

Tier 2 suppliers or component suppliers:

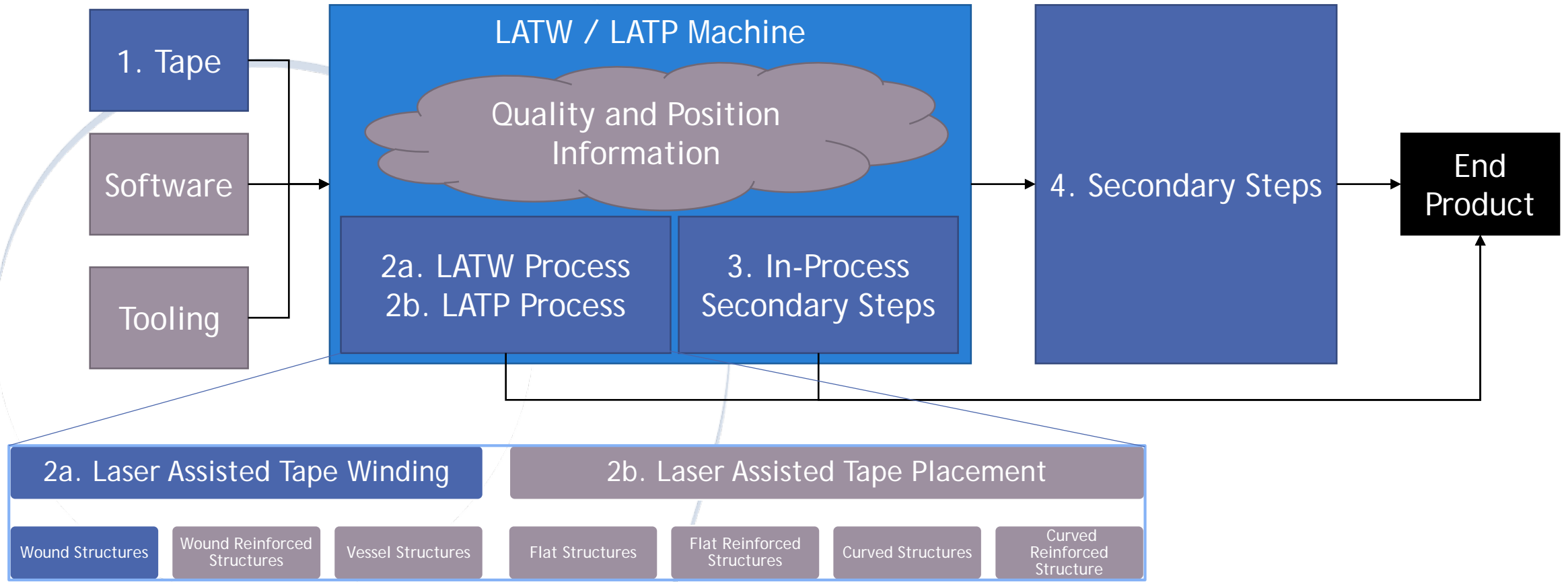
- Manufacturer of individual components of the end product.

Tier 3 suppliers, parts suppliers:

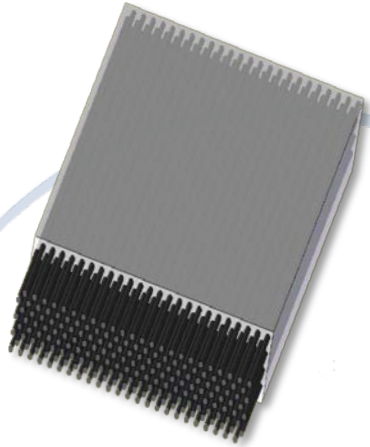
- Manufacturer of individual parts that is required in the OEM's components.

Source: [insightsolutionsglobal.com](https://www.insightsolutionsglobal.com)

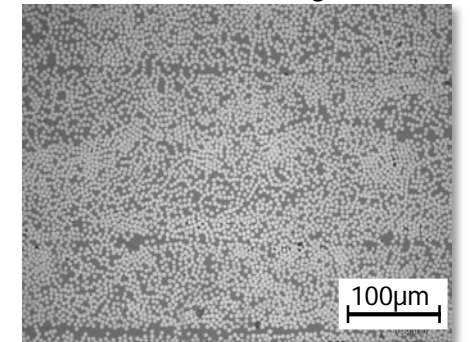
LATW/LATP Value Map



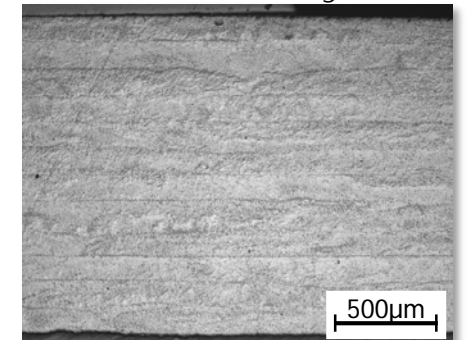
1. Tape



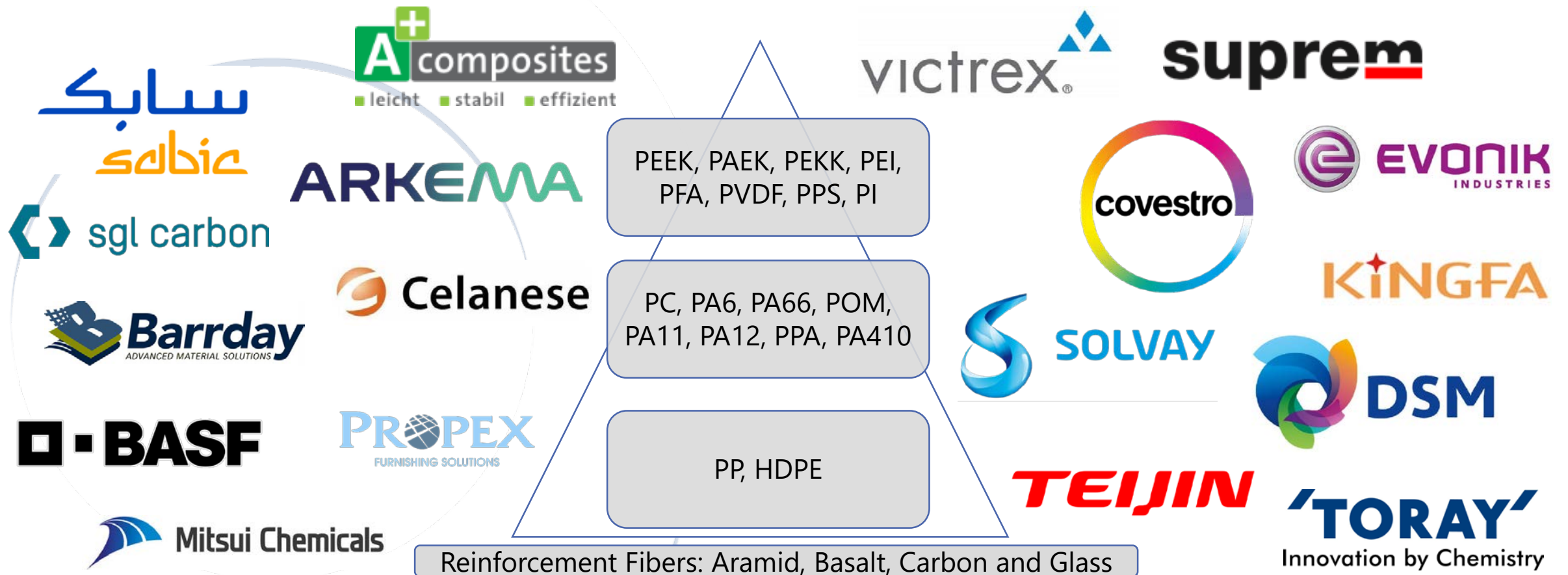
Perpendicular Cross Section
After Processing



Parallel Cross Section
After Processing

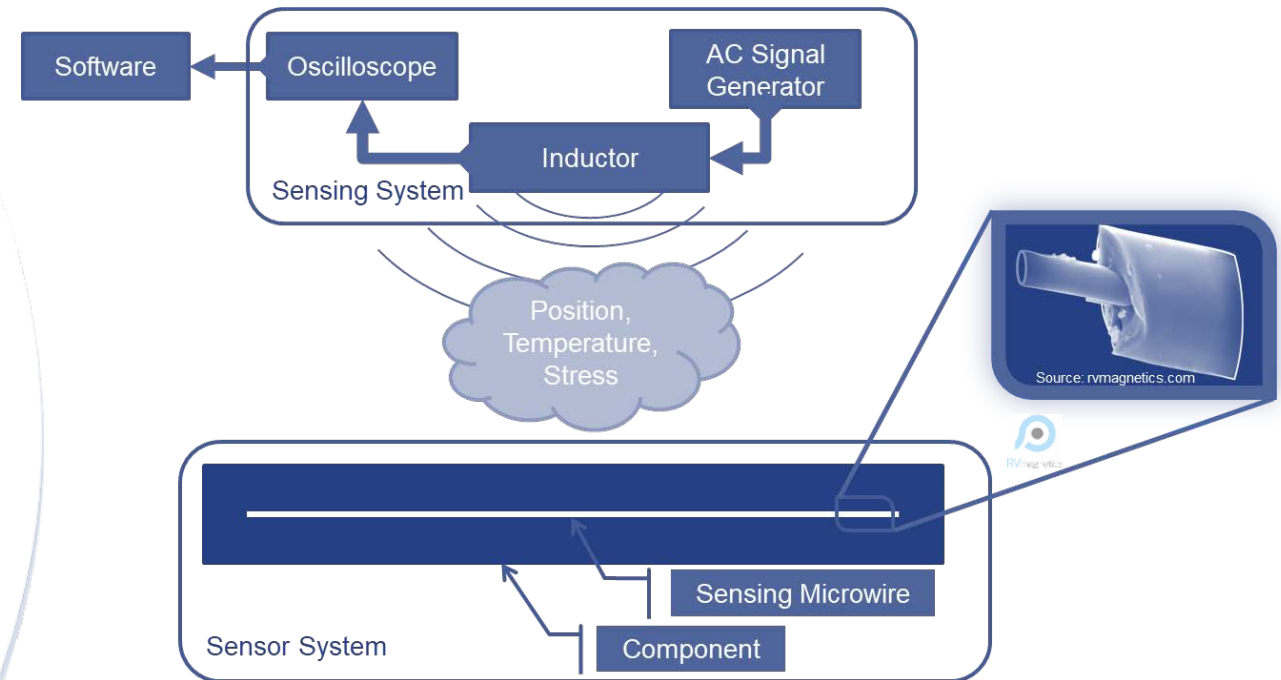


1. Tape: The Input Material



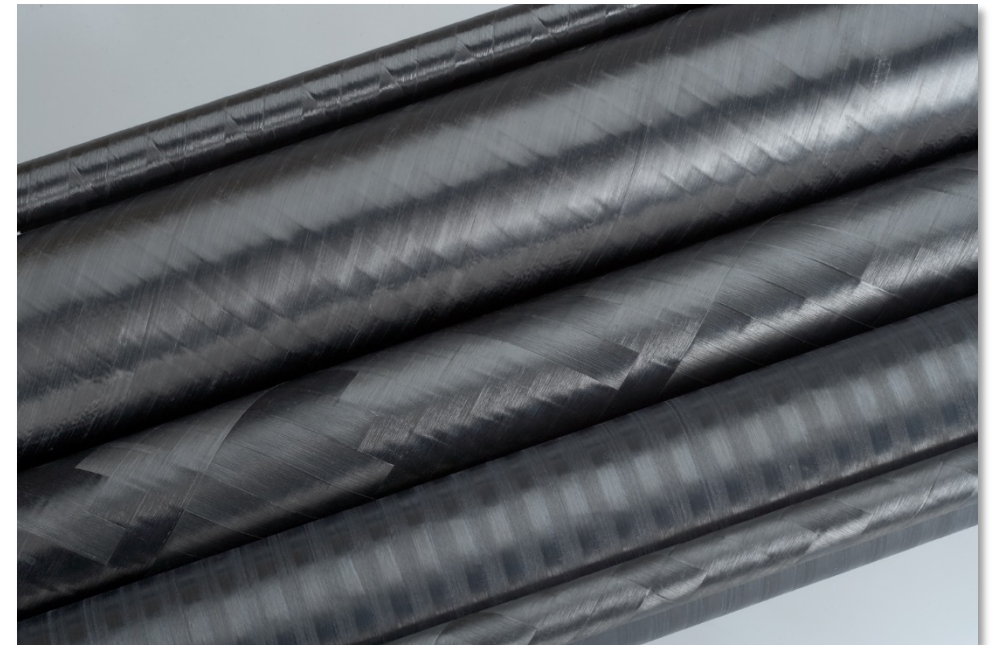
1. Tape: Sensor Integration - Contactless Sensing Microwire

- Structure: Passive Bicomponent Fibre:
 - Metallic Nucleus (1-50 μm)
 - Glass Coating (2-20 μm)
- Measurement Range: -273 to 600°C
- Lifetime: ∞
- Integrating the sensing wire during combination of the fibre and polymer at the tape supplier

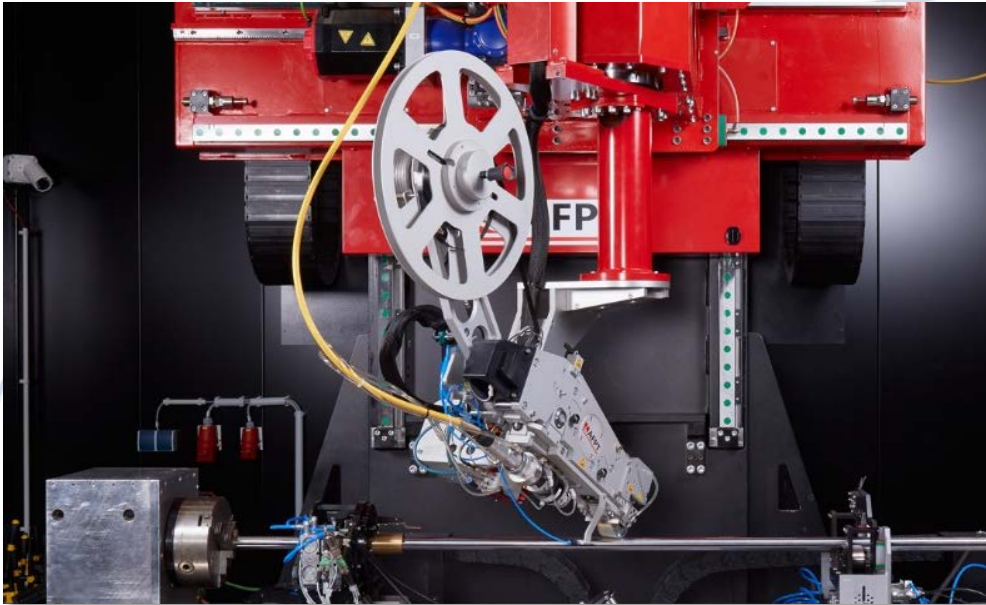


2a. LATW Process: Discontinuous Tubes

- Pipes for Fluid or Gas
- Containers
 - Gas spring
 - Pressure cannister
- Rotor Sleeves
- Rollers



2a. LATW Process: Automated Production Process



- Minimal operator input
- Polymer tempering possible
- In process separating and extraction
- Highly-cost effective for thin-walled sleeves
- Flexible system for different diameters, lengths and wall-thicknesses



3. LATW Process: Part Functionalization: Anybrid ROBIN System

- Modular system for on-the-fly overmolding even in-process with high automation
- Low mold costs with quick changing system
- High value add for CFR TP production



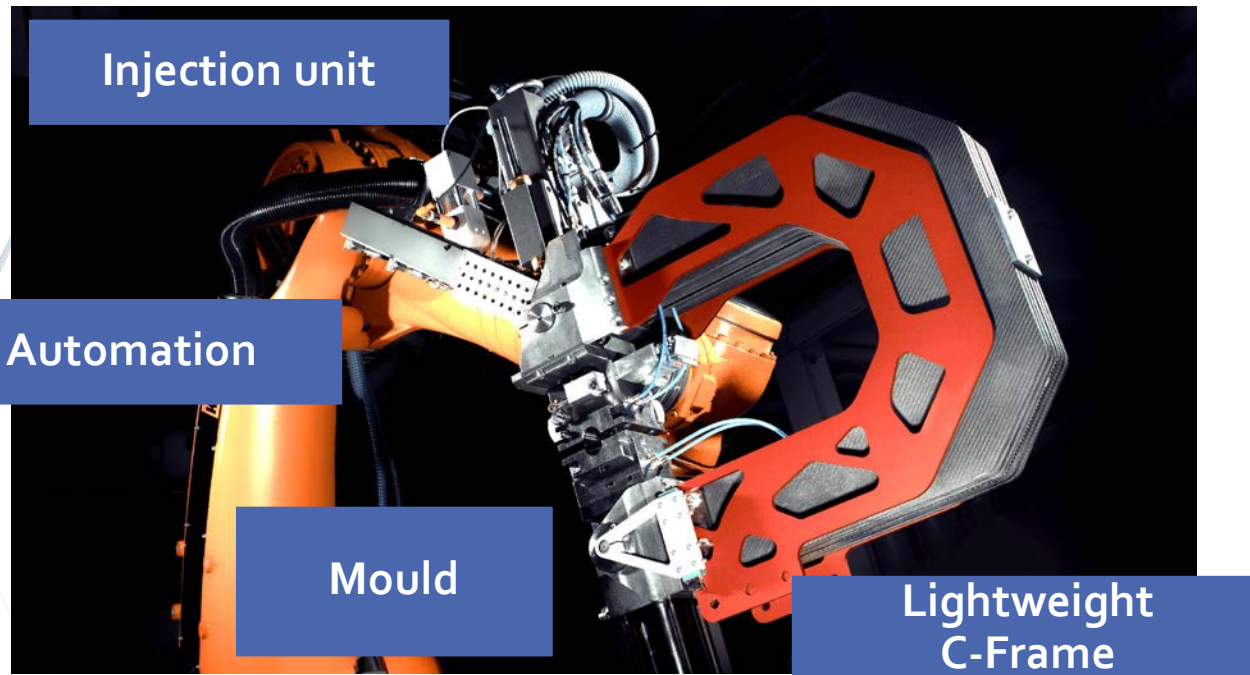
Source: Anybrid

Cooperating ROBIN systems on the assembly line



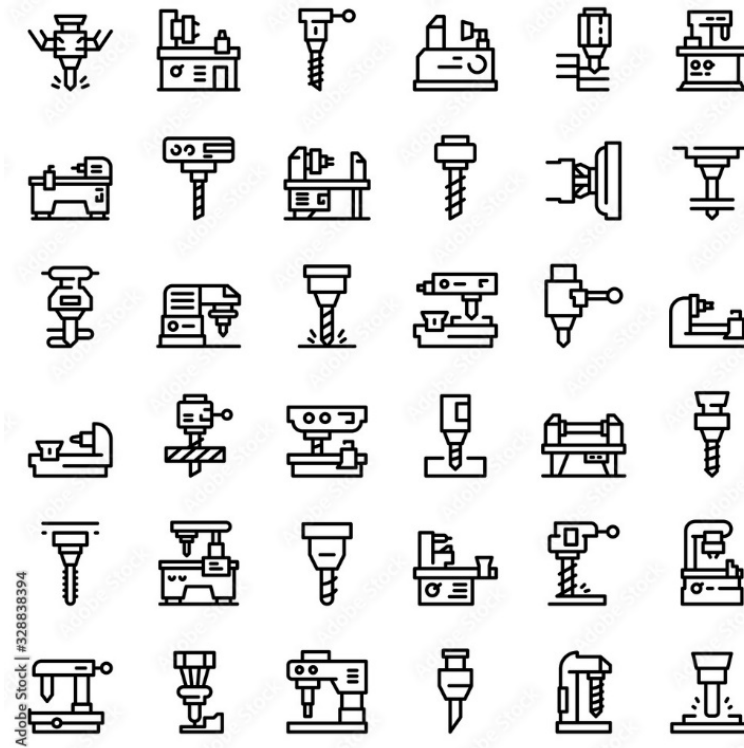
Source: Anybrid

3. LATW Process: Part Functionalization: Anybrid ROBIN System

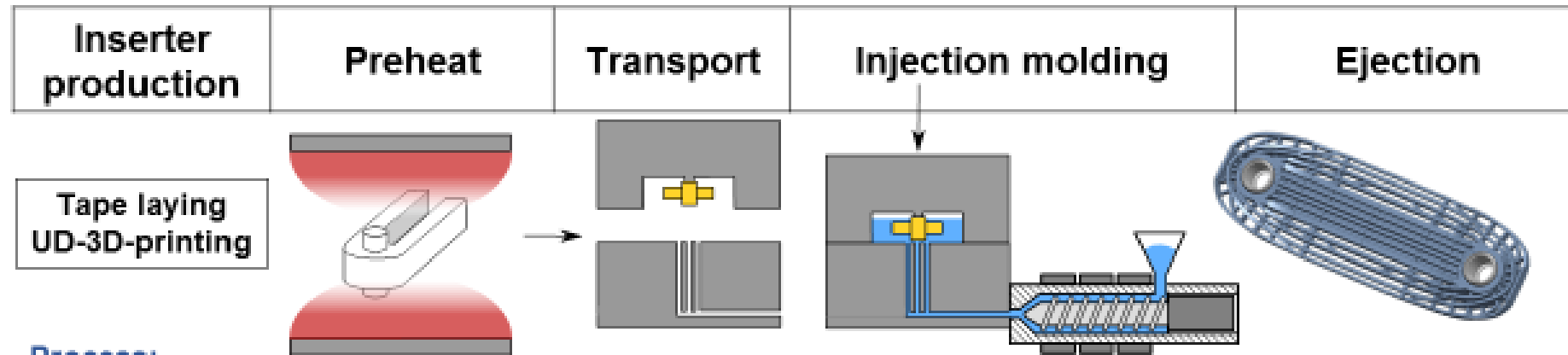


3. Secondary Processes

- Injection Moulding
 - Over Moulding
 - Machining
 - Reforming
 - Bending
- Circuit integration



Hybrid Process for a Coupling Rod at IWV



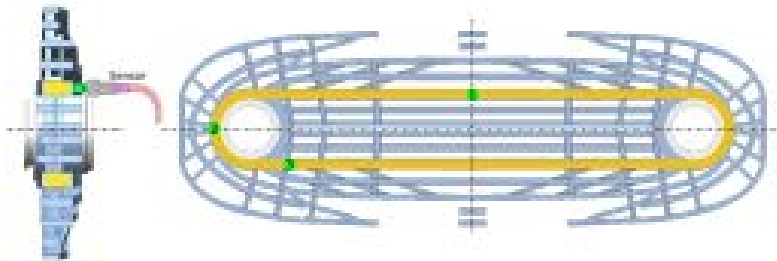
Process:

- Production of the loop
- Preheating the aluminum sleeves
- Warm up and preload in IR-oven
- Transport to the mold
- Overmold with short fiber reinforced polymer
- Cool down
- Quality control and ejection event according to temperature specification

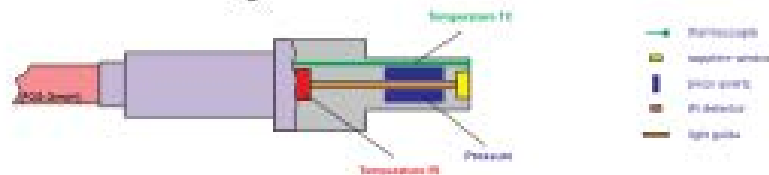
Further development of the process with regard to:

- + Overmolding on all sides
- + More flexible manufacturing process thanks to simpler molds and master mold concept
- + Continuous temperature recording by pyrometer in IR oven, robot gripper and injection mold

Hybrid Process for a Coupling Rod at IVW



- Temperature-resistant
- 3 sensor positions (near and far from sprue)
- Sensor points vertically to insertion surface
- Pressure and temperature are measured simultaneously at one location
- Minimum cooling times via real time temperature data recording to the machine



Injection molding tool

www.thefutureiscomposite.com

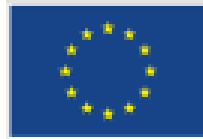
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3. Secondary Processes Overmolding: Coupling Rod





Funding agency



Rheinland-Pfalz

Das Projekt zu Investitionen in Wachstum und
Beschäftigung

pro-TPC-Struktur

wurde von der Europäischen Union aus
dem Europäischen Fonds für regionale
Entwicklung und dem Land Rheinland-Pfalz
gefördert.

www.thefutureiscomposite.com

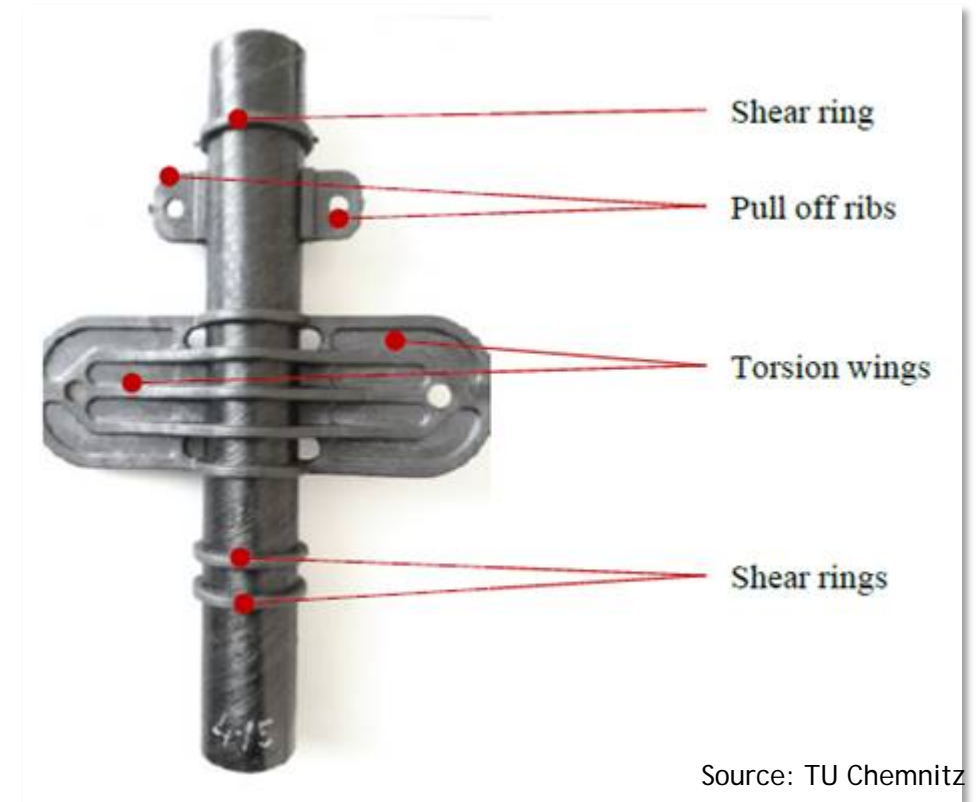
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4



3. Secondary Processes: Overmoulding

- For larger, more complex functionalization
- Advantage to overmolding from metals while chemical activation or structuring not needed.
- Equivalent surface temperature distribution leads to high bonding strength under tension as well as shear.



3. Secondary Processes: Overmoulding

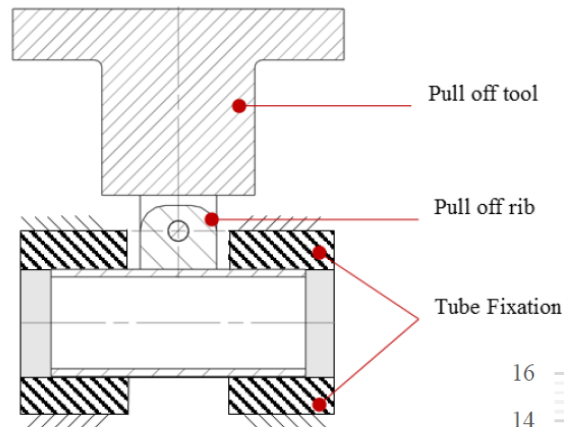


Fig. 8: Pull-off setup

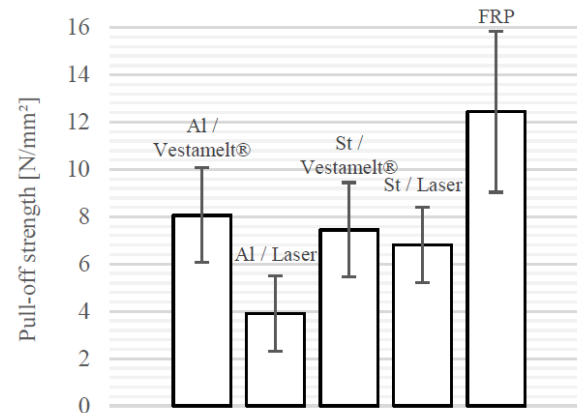


Fig. 10: Comparison of pull-off strength between: Aluminum / Vestamelt®, Aluminum / laser structured surface, Steel / Vestamelt®, Steel / laser-structured surface, FRP

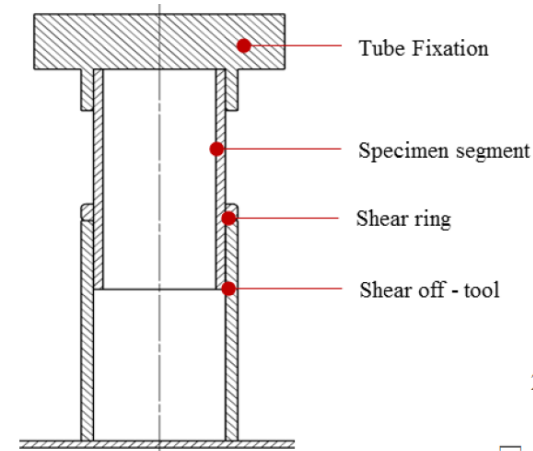


Fig. 9: Shear-off setup

Englemann U, et. al. (2020) "Process and bonding modification for media-based forming of complex continuous fiber reinforced hybrid parts" *ITEC 2020, MESSE BREMEN*

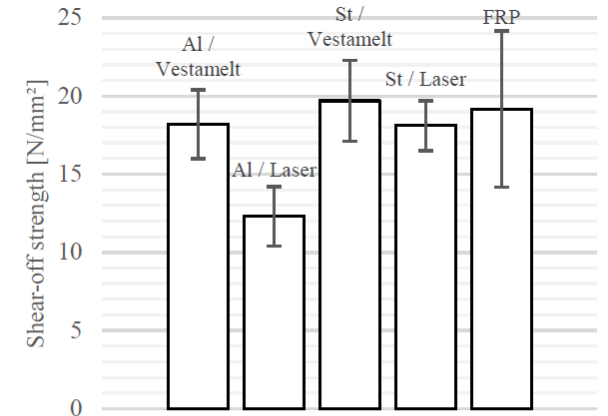


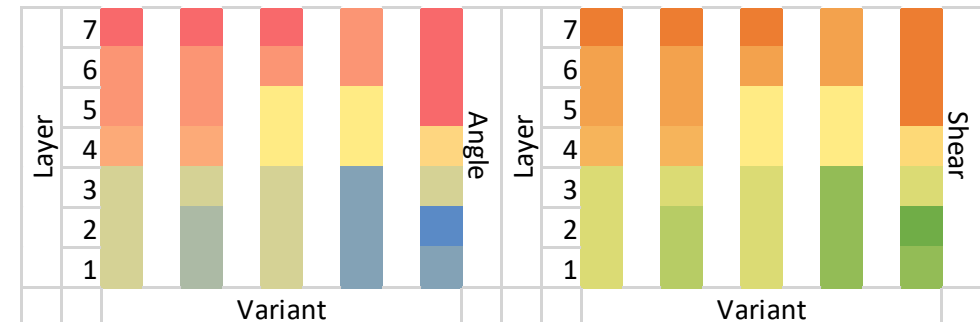
Fig. 11: Comparison of shear-off strength between: Aluminum / Vestamelt®, Aluminum / laser structured surface, Steel / Vestamelt®, Steel / laser-structured surface, FRP



Source: TU Chemnitz

3. Secondary Processes: Bending

- High surface quality with little disturbance to laminate
- Highly automated with heat sources such as induction with CNC machine
- Design for fatigue and compound loading



3. Secondary Processes: Coating

- Impact protection
- Weathering
- Tactile improvement



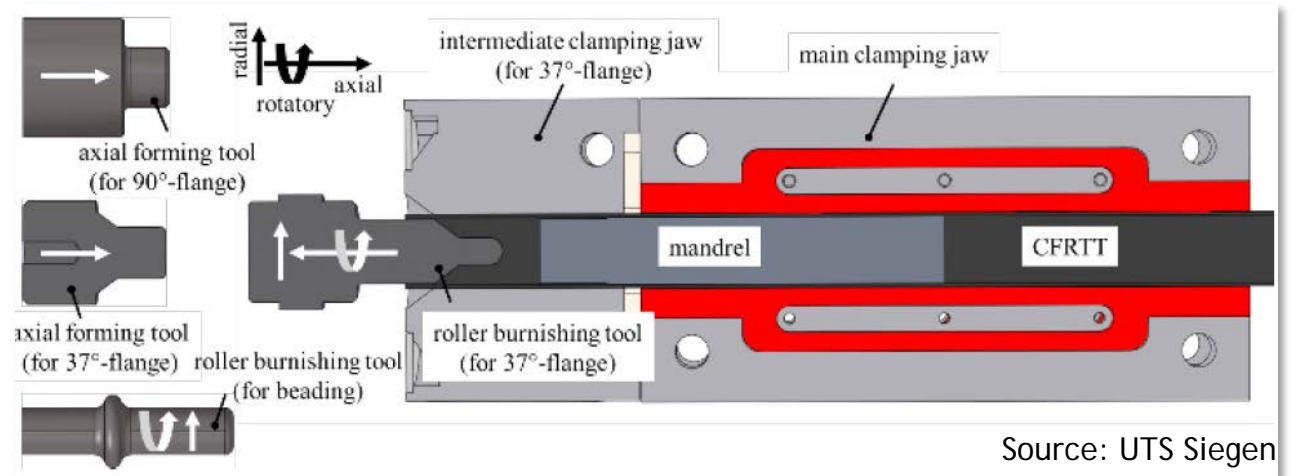
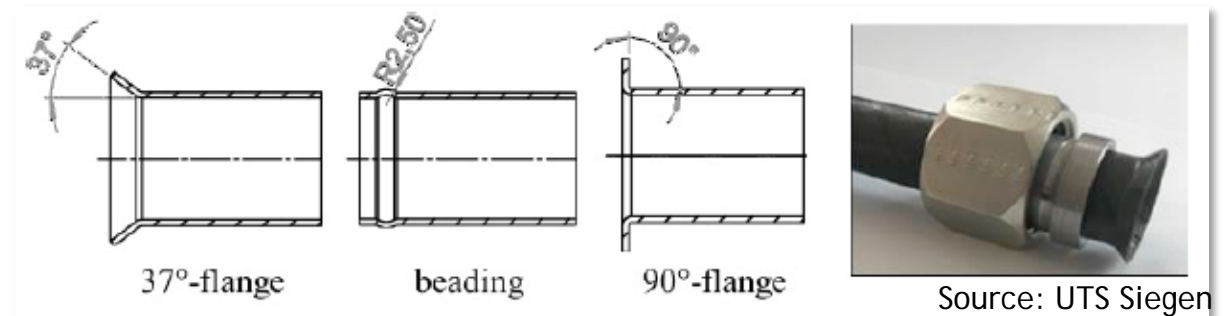
Source: Strohm



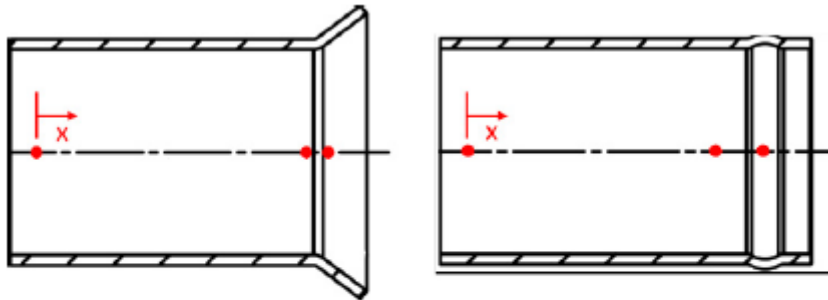
Source: Alformet

3. Secondary Processes: Reforming

- When tubes can hold loads of 1500 bar, the joining connectors needs to do so as well
- Changing axial or radial shape of the cross section through automated heating and forming
- Functionalization of tube ends enables load applications with tight hydraulic fittings



3. Secondary Processes: Reforming



Reuter J, et. al. (2020) "End-forming of Continuous Fibre-reinforced Thermoplastic Tubes" *ESAFORM 2020*

Fig. 5. Schematically depiction of measuring points for the determination of fibre angles in the outer layer of the 37°-flange (left) and the beading (right)

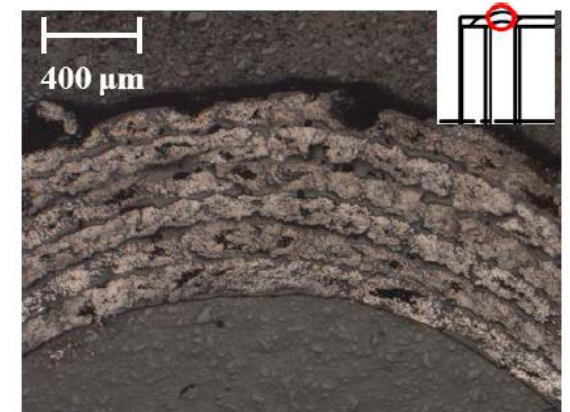
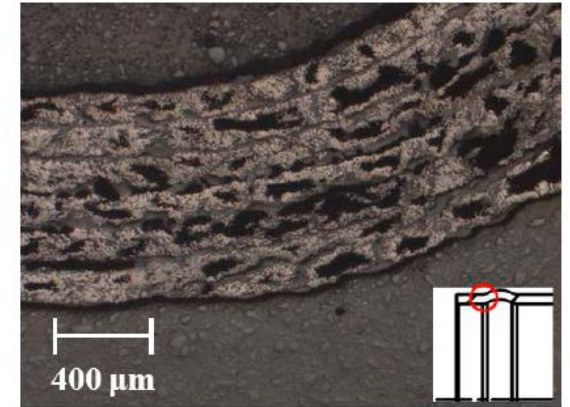
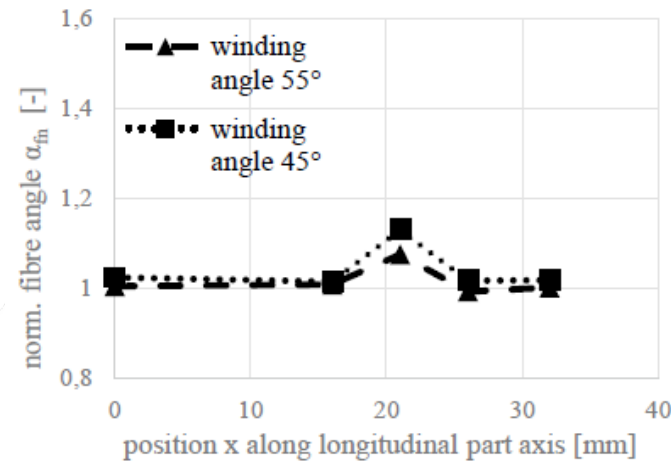
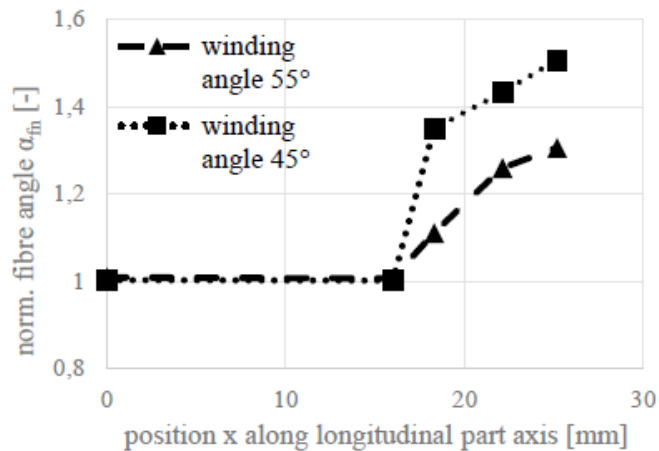


Fig. 10. Longitudinal section polishes of a beading with a nominal winding angle of 45°.

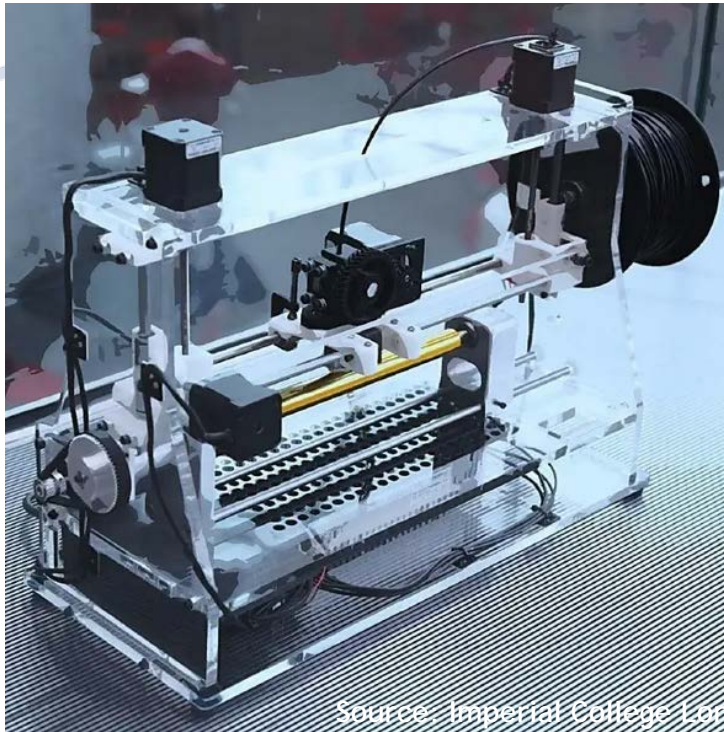
3. Secondary Processes: Machining

- Cutting
- Milling
- Turning
- Drilling
- Grinding



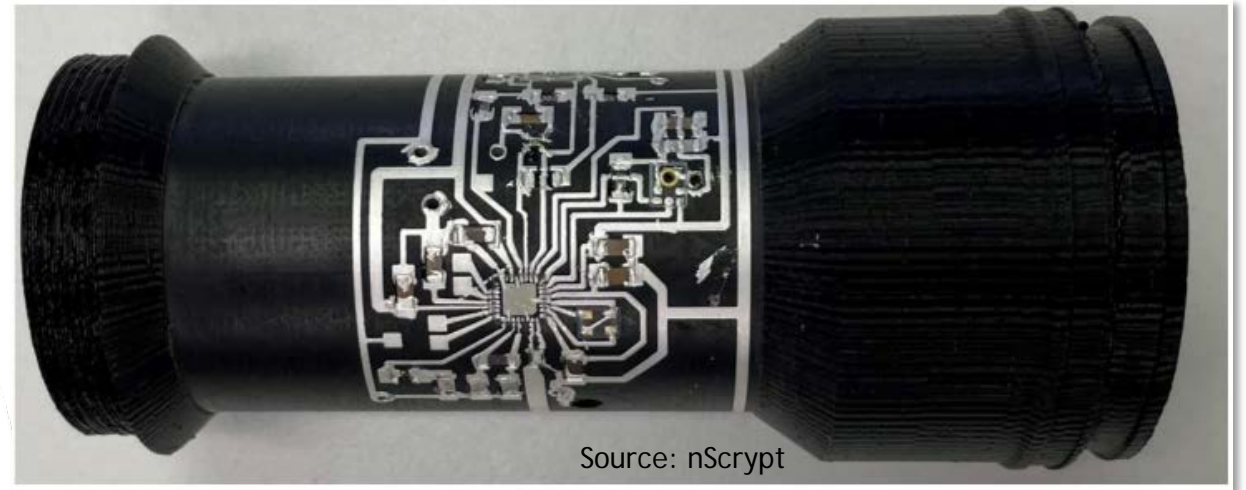
Source: Automated Dynamics

3. Secondary Processes: Over Printing



3. Secondary Processes: Circuit Integration

- Process of milling, pick-and-place, printing of connections
- Form fit for single/double curved surfaces
- Bluetooth, microcontroller, sensor, antenna, embedded circuits



Production Overview



- Production of composite components on one of five Tape Placement & Winding Machines
- Specialty temperature controlled winding tools
- Heating oven and demoulding station
- Large range of different products & shapes like tubes, profiles, vessels or laminates possible
- Small-Medium Serial Production

Production Geometric Range



Winding

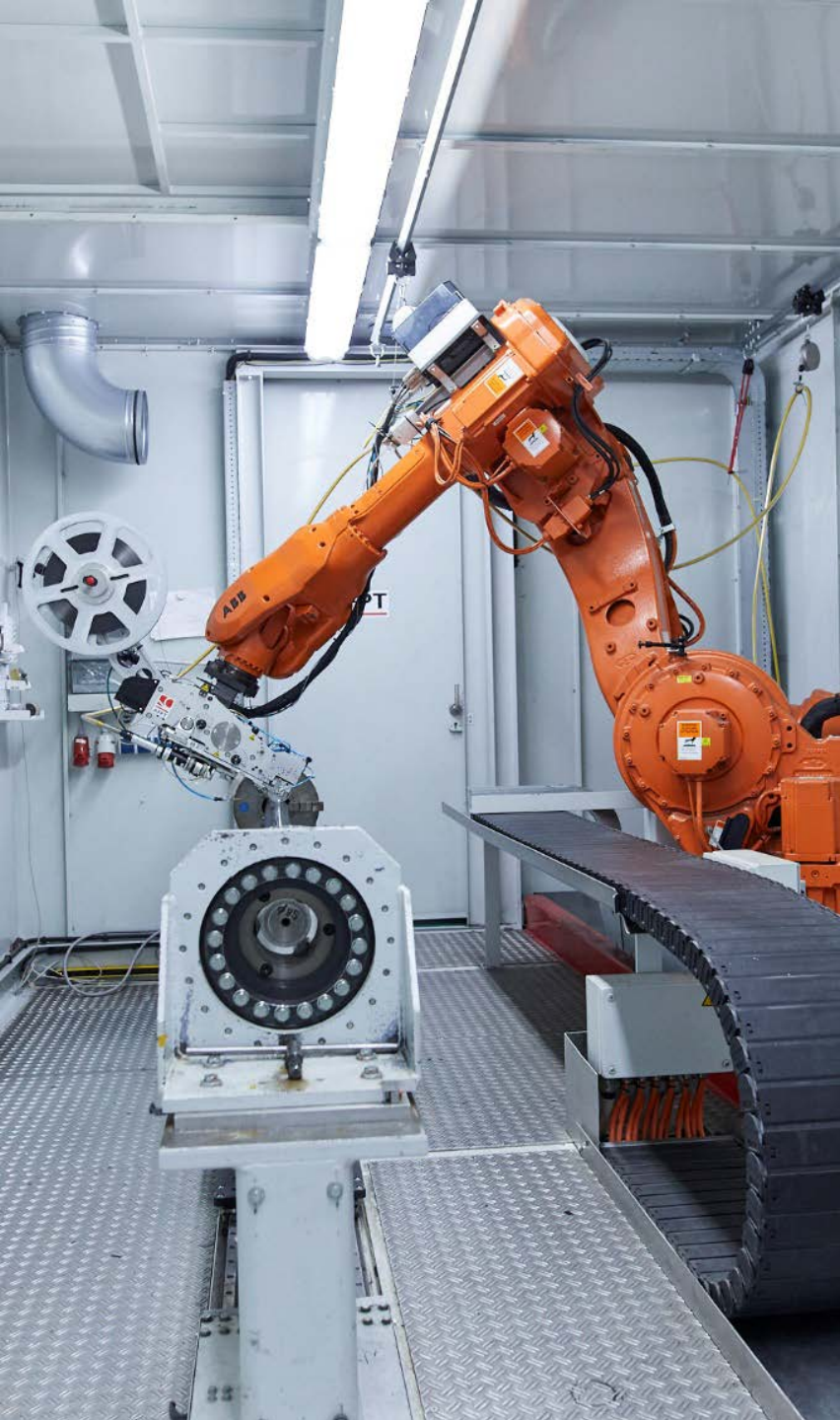
- Max. diameter 1.200 mm
- Max. length 3.500 mm
- Vessel max. diameter 500 mm
- Vessel max. length 2.000 mm

Placement

- Max. area 1.000 × 2.000 mm
- Heated tooling
 - Max. Temp: 120 °C
 - Heated area 650 × 650 mm

Tape Width

3-26 mm



Thank you for your attention! Questions?

Please contact us:

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